

B. J. VANIJYA MAHAVIDYALAYA

(Autonomous) (Grant-in-Aid)

(Affiliated to Sardar Patel University)

Vallabh Vidyanagar- 388 120, Dist. Anand, Gujarat, India Accredited with CGPA of 2.78 on four-point scale at B++ Grade by NAAC Syllabus as per the NEP 2020 with effect from June - 2025 Bachelor of Business Administration (General)

Semester – III

Course Code	UM03IKBBA08	Title of the Course	Arthaveda
Total Credits	02	Hours por wook	02
of the Course	02	Hours per week	02

Course	1) Identify the Arthaveda as a Vedic text and its significance in ancient
Objectives:	Indian society.
	2) Explain the socio-economic context of ancient India.
	3) Describe the different economic systems prevalent in ancient India.
	4) Discuss the ethical and moral aspects of economic activities in
	Arthaveda.
	5) Explain the trade routes and networks in ancient India.
	6) Analyze how the principles and concepts of Arthaveda can be applied
	to real-world economic situations.
	7) Evaluate the effectiveness of different economic systems in meeting
	the needs of ancient Indian society.
	8) 8) Construct connections between Arthaveda's teachings
	and contemporary economic theories.

	Course Content		
Unit No.	Description Wei		
1	Introduction to Arthaveda and Ancient Indian Economic Thought:	50%	
	Overview of Arthaveda as a Vedic text and its significance in ancient Indian society		
	Understanding the socio-economic context of ancient India		
	Exploration of the key principles and concepts of Arthaveda		
	• Study of the different economic systems prevalent in ancient India, such as agricultural, trading, and guild-based systems		
	Examination of the ethical and moral aspects of economic activities in Arthaveda		
	Discussion of concepts such as wealth (Artha), righteous conduct (Dharma), and social welfare (Sarvodaya)		



2	Trade and Commerce in Ancient India:	50%
	Exploration of the trade routes and networks in ancient India	
	Study of commercial practices, including barter, coinage, and banking systems	
	Analysis of the impact of trade on economic development and cultural exchange	
	Examination of the principles and practices of economic governance in ancient India	
	Analysis of economic policies, including taxation, regulation, and wealth distribution	
	Discussion on the role of kings, councils, and administrative bodies in economic decision-making	

Teaching-	The course would be taught /learnt through ICT (e.g. Power Point	
Learning	Presentation, Audio-Visual Presentation), Lectures, Group Discussions,	
Methodology	Quizzes, Assignments, Case Study and Browsing E- Resources.	

Internal and External Examination Evaluation

Sr. No.	Details of the Evaluation / Exam Pattern	50 Marks (%)	25 Marks (%)
1	Class Test (at least one)	15 (30%)	10 (40%)
2	Quiz (at least one)	15 (30%)	05 (20%)
3	Active Learning	05 (10%)	
4	Home Assignment	05 (10%)	05 (20%)
5	Class Assignment	05 (10%)	
6	Attendance	05 (10%)	05 (20%)
	Total Internal (%)	50 (100%)	25 (100%)
Final Examination (%)		50 (100%)	25 (100%)

Sr. No.	Course Outcomes: Having completed this course, the learner will be able to
1)	Demonstrate a comprehensive understanding of the Arthaveda as a Vedic text and its significance in ancient Indian society.
2)	Analyze the socio-economic context of ancient India and its impact on economic thought, highlighting key factors and influences.
3)	Evaluate the principles and concepts of Arthaveda and their relevance to economic activities, considering ethical and moral aspects.
4)	Compare and contrast the different economic systems prevalent in ancient India, including agricultural, trading, and guild-based systems, and assess their functioning and effectiveness.
5)	Examine the trade routes and networks in ancient India, analyzing their impact



	on economic development and cultural exchange.
6)	Critically analyze the principles and practices of economic governance in ancient India, including taxation, regulation, and wealth distribution.
7)	Evaluate the roles of kings, councils, and administrative bodies in ancient India and their influence on economic decision-making processes.

Sr. No.	Suggested References:
1)	Chanakya. (n.d.). Arthashastra.
2)	Roy, T. (2011). The Economic History of India: Ancient to Present. Cambridge University Press.
3)	Deshpande, S., & Patnaik, U. (Eds.). (2011). Indian Economic Thought: Ancient to Modern. Routledge.
4)	Mukund, K. (1999). The Trading World of the Tamil Merchant: Evolution of Merchant Capitalism in the Coromandel. Orient Blackswan.
5)	Basu, R. L., & Sen, R. K. (2015). Ancient Indian Economic Thought, Relevance for Today. SAGE Publications.
6)	Chakravarti, R. (2001). Trade and Traders in Early Indian Society. Manohar Publishers.
7)	Chakravarti, U. (2014). Money and Credit in Indian History: From Early Medieval Times. Primus Books.
8)	Mookerji, R. (1988). Ancient Indian Commerce: Commercial Relations of India in the Middle East. Motilal Banarsidass

Sr. No.	On-Line Resources available that can be used as Reference Material
1)	JSTOR. (n.d.). Retrieved from https://www.jstor.org
2)	Project MUSE. (n.d.). Retrieved from https://muse.jhu.edu
3)	Ancient History Encyclopedia. (n.d.). Retrieved from https://www.ancient.eu
4)	Indian Historical Quarterly. (n.d.). Retrieved from
	https://www.jstor.org/journal/indihistquar
5)	Digital Library of India. (n.d.). Retrieved from https://www.dli.gov.in
6)	The Economic and Political Weekly. (n.d.). Retrieved from https://www.epw.in

